

On a new *Cicindela* from Brazil

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Cicindela nigro-reticulata (n. sp.)

Cic. chlorosticta Staudingeri m ♀ affinis, differt statu-
ra vix minore; labro brevioribus; elytris brevioribus, pone me-
dium dilatatis, apice (conjunctim) brevius rotundato; tota
elytrorum superficie in modo irregulari grosse-reticulari
lineis tenuibus dilaceratis irregulariter curvatis velutino-
nigris conspersa; signatura albo-flava fere ut in *Cic. Tri-
fasciata sigmoidea* Lec., sed lunula humerali multo brevio-
re (non usque ad discum prolongata); marginali lunulae
mediae dilatione multo minus in directione ad lunulam
humeralem prolongata.— 9 3/4 mm (s. l.)



Fig. 9.--*Cicindela nigro-reticulata* W. H., n. sp.

1 ♀ Cochilha Grande (R. Grande do Sul).

The coloration is chocolate-like brownish, the shape of the elytra resembling a little *Cic. Gormazi* R., the narrow-signed specimens of which show also a very similar

pattern (except that the humeral lunula of the new species does not reach as far to the disc). The labrum is moderately short, showing 3 teeth at the middle of the anterior margin, the sagittal one of which is longer and sharper than the lateral one. The whole part of the front between the eyes (also the middle part!) is equally (moderately roughly) striated longitudinally. The vertex with 2 discoidal puncture-like flat impressions, situated at a certain distance from the sagittal line. Pronotum flat, with a large but slightly discoidal impression before the middle of its length, narrowed behind, with the largest width before the middle; base narrower than the apical border. Elytra showing irregular waved blackish lines in a very rough kind of reticular disposition as given in the figure. The yellowish pattern as follows: 1) a very short small humeral lunula reaching not up to the disc of elytra; 2) a waved middle band like that of *Gic. trifasciata* and so many other species, enlarged a little near the margin and connected by a fine line to a moderately large posterior marginal spot, which shows no connection to the apical lunula. The anterior branch of the latter directed to the centre of the posterior disc. Behind the shoulder and near the suture (arranged in a curved line) an irregular row of larger greenish foveolae. Palpes yellow (last joint metallic). Antennae and legs of coppery coloration, showing here and there more or less testaceous unmetallic parts. All trochanters testaceous. Underside of the body light coppery, turning to purplish shades at the metasternum and abdomen, the disc of which is almost blackish.

